



SCHOOL MEDIATION TEAM

OF 5^{TH} GYMNASIUM NEAPOLIS THESSALONIKI

NOTES FROM A WORKSHOP ON "MEDIATION"
Step 1 : Reception - Recommendations: We welcome the members and thank them for coming.
"Good morning. I am student ofand I amThank you for coming and for choosing mediation to solve the problem that arose. It is a very good start, it will say that you both want to solve the problem We are here to help you both
Step 2: Rules for mediators
We as mediators: □ will not take sides. □ will not judge you. □ we will not find solutions for you, we will help you find them yourself. □ we will keep what you tell us a secret unless we learn of something dangerous to others or yourself. □ know that in the end, no one will be the "loser".
Step 3: Rules for mediators
☐ Let the other person speak and don't interrupt ☐ When talking about the other person, don't swear and don't talk badly ☐ Talk about the problem and how it has affected you ☐ Try to be honest ☐ Keep what is said secret ☐ If you agree with the rules and think you will follow them, we can continue the process. So do you agree?
Step 4: Identification of the problem - Detection and identification of everyone's position (facts-emotions-thoughts-intentions)
So guys, which one of you wants to start and tell us what happened, how you felt or thought at the time of the incident? (One mediator addresses one mediator, repeats, the other one briefly records and reads what he wrote) "Uh", can you tell us about the problem? What exactly happened? So, wait for me to tell you if I understand correctly Can you explain a few more things (or repeat what you said) so I can

understand for sure (or : why I didn't understand correctly)? □ "Would you like to tell us how you felt at that moment?" □ "Did you think of anything at that moment that made you react that way?" □ "What bothered you the most?" □ "Oh, that's your version and it's completely respectful. But let's look at the other person's side
(repeat the same process with the other mediator)
 □ "B", thank you for being patient and waiting your turn to speak. □ Can you describe the problem from your perspective? □ So, wait for me to tell you if I understand correctly □ Could I ask you some clarifying questions, so I can understand better? □ "You, tell us, what emotions were you feeling at that time?" □ Did you think of something at that moment that made you react that way? □ Would you like to tell us what upset you the most?
Step 5: Point out the similarities and differences in the narrative of the events
In what you have said we have identified some similarities and some differences: You both said that In what you have said we have found some similarities and some differences: Both of you said, while on this point you differ. One said that, while the other said
Step 6: Clarify everyone's wishes and requests. The different solutions and their consequences are explored
"Guys, we listened to you both very carefully and we see that you are now calmer. So let's see what solutions you propose." "So tell us A: What are you asking of B, but also what are you willing to do on your part to make things better between you? What solutions do you propose?" Tell us B: What do you want from the other person? What are you willing to do on your part to make the relationship better (or to repair the damage)? Do you agree with the solutions A has suggested or do you have something else to suggest?"
Step 7: The common points and areas of agreement are highlighted. The key points and areas of agreement are identified and the points of agreement are highlighted.
So, if I understand correctly, you both agree toand as an alternative you agree to Okay? Are you both satisfied?
Step 8: Expression of emotions - Reflection
Step 9: Closing - Reward - Agreement for a new meeting Thank you very much for trusting us We will meet again in a week to see if the agreement has been respected by both parties If there is a problem in the meantime, we
are at your disposal
Step 10: Sealing of the agreement-signatures
Now please sign below the text of the agreement, as we will do.

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THE AGREEMENT

Date:					
THEsaid that	THEsaid that				
Felt	Felt				
Thought	Thought				
He/She was more bothered that	He/She was more bothered that				
Conclusion: You both said that Agreement					
wants from	wants from				
is offered to	is offered to				

Suggests as solutions						
		S	Suggests as solutions			
Common solutions:						
How do you for	1 mayy 9					
How do you lee	er now?	•••••		•••••		
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Did you unders	tand somethin	ig about e	ach other or yourself?			
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Could	you	nave	reacted	differently?		
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•••••			•••••	• • • • •		
How do you think you might react in the future?						
How do you thi	ink vou might	react in th	he future?			
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